

# STATE OF NEW MEXICO UNIFORM CRASH REPORT

**INSTRUCTION MANUAL** 

Transportation Statistics Section

New Mexico Department of Transportation
1120 Cerrillos Road
P.O. Box 1149

Santa Fe, New Mexico 87504
505-827-6866

#### **PREFACE**

Investigating traffic crashes is one of an officer's primary duties. Thus, the "Uniform Crash Report" form was designed to help the officer to systematically conduct and report his investigation; and to aid the various state agencies to obtain necessary data. Information extracted from the form is used for engineering improvement planning, other traffic safety planning, and selective enforcement. Also, the State of New Mexico receives grant money as a result of meeting national standards on the coding of crashes. The form is designed to comply with the standards set forth in the Manual on Classification of Motor Vehicle Traffic Accidents and Model Minimum Uniform Crash Criteria. The report of the officer's investigation must answer questions as to WHERE and WHEN the crash happened; WHO was involved; WHAT the drivers were intending to do, WHAT types of vehicles were involved; and HOW the crash occurred. The officer's findings are utilized by the:

New Mexico Department of Transportation,, Taxation & Revenue Department (Motor Vehicle Division), New Mexico State Police, the Courts and other concerned agencies.

It is the duty of each officer to thoroughly investigate all traffic crashes reported to him/her (even if one or more of the vehicles has been moved) and to submit the required, final, legible uniform crash report form(s). Statute 66-7-207c dictates, "Every law enforcement officer who, in the regular course of duty, investigates a motor vehicle crash of which report must be made as required in this section, either at the time of and at the scene of the crash or thereafter by interviewing participants or witnesses, shall, with in twenty-four hours after completing the investigation, forward a written report of the crash to the New Mexico Department of Transportation". We sincerely appreciate your efforts.

# **Table of Contents**

Pr	eface	I	- Safe Speed	16
Ge	eneral Instruction s	II	<b>Line 7 Instructions</b>	
Ш	ustration of UCR – Page	1 7	- Drivers Full Name	16
<u>Liı</u>	ne 1 Instructions		- Drivers Address	16
-	<b>Reporting Department</b>	8	<b>Line 8 Instructions</b>	
-	On Private Property	8	- Drivers License Number	17
-	Fatal, Injury, Property	Damage	- State	17
		8	- Туре	17
-	Hit & Run	8	- Restrictions	17
-	Case Number	8	- Expires	17
-	NMDOT Number	8	- City/State	17
<u>Li</u>	ne 2 Instructions		- Zip Code	17
-	Date of Crash	8	- Phone Number	17
-	Military Time	8	<b>Line 9 Instructions</b>	
-	City Occurred In	8	<ul> <li>Date of Birth</li> </ul>	17
-	County	9	- Social Security Number	17
<u>Li</u>	ne 3 Instructions		- Occupation	17
-	Day of Week	9	<b>Line 10 Instructions</b>	
-	Occurred On	9	- Seat Position	17
-	<b>At Intersection With</b>	9	- Occupants Name	17
-	Tribal Land	9	<ul> <li>Occupants Address</li> </ul>	17
<u>Li</u>	ne 4 Instructions		<b>Line 11 Instructions</b>	
-	Other Location	9	- Occupants Age	18
-	Direction	9	- Occupants Sex	18
-	Permanent Landmark	9	- Occupants Race	18
-	Milepost Location	9/10	- Injury Code	18
-	Latitude & Longitude	10	- OP Code	18
<u>Cı</u>	ash Classifications	11-15	<ul> <li>OP Used Properly</li> </ul>	18
<u>Li</u>	ne 5 Instructions		- Airbag Deploy	18
-	Crash Occurred	10	- Ejected	18
-	<b>Crash Classification</b>	10	- EMS#	18
-	Analysis Code	10		
<u>Li</u>	ne 6 Instructions			
-	Vehicle 1 Headed	16		
-	On	16		
-	Posted Speed	16		

Li	ne 12 Instructions		-	Carrier Zip Code	21
-	Vehicle Year	18			
-	Vehicle Make	18	<u>Lii</u>	ne 18 Instructions	
-	Color	18	C	ommercial & Passenger V	ehicles
-	Body Style	19	-	Owners Name	21
-	Cargo Body Type	19	-	Owners Address	22
-	Vehicle Use	19	-	Owners Zip Code	22
<u>Li</u>	ne 13 Instructions		-	Owners Telephone	22
-	Towed		<u>Lii</u>	ne 19 Instructions	
-	Due to Disabling Damage	19	C	ommercial & Passenger V	ehicles
-	Overall Vehicle Damage	19	-	Insured By	22
-	Extent	19	-	Policy Number	22
-	Vehicle Diagram	19	-	Liability Insurance	22
<u>Li</u>	ne 14 Instructions		Tra	ailer or Towed Vehicles	
-	License Year	19	-	Туре	22
-	State	19	-	Year	22
-	License Number	19	-	Make	22
-	VIN	20	-	License Year	22
<u>Li</u>	ne 15 Instructions		-	Licensed State	22
C	ommercial Vehicles		-	Licensed Number	22
-	US DOT Number	20			
-	ICC Docket #	20	<u>Li</u>	ne 20 – 25 Instructions	
-	Interstate Carrier	20	-	Vehicle 2 or Pedestrian	22-23
Li	ne 16 Instructions		<u>Li</u>	ne 26 – 33 Instructions	
(	Commercial Vehicles		-	Vehicle 2	23
-	Number of Axles	20	<u>Li</u>	ne 34 Instructions	
-	<b>Gross Vehicle Weight</b>		-	Uniform Crash Report #	23
	Rating	20	-	Case Number	23
			-	Sheet of Sheets	23
-	Hazmat Placard	20			
-	4-Digit Placard #	20	IIIu	stration of Page 2	24
-	Hazmat Name or 1 Digit	21	Lir	e 35 Instructions	
-	Hazmat Released	21	Ro	ad & Weather	
<u>Li</u>	ne 17 Instructions		-	Lighting	25
C	ommercial Vehicles		-	Weather	25
-	Carrier Name	21	-	Road Condition	25
-	Carrier Address	21	-	Road Surface	25
			-	Traffic Control	25

-	Road Character	26	-	Time Arrived	31
-	Road Grade	26	-	Notified By	31
-	Road Design	26	-	Supervisor at Scene	31
<u>Li</u>	ne 36 Instructions		-	Checked By	31
E٧	vent		<u>Lir</u>	ne 43 Instructions	
-	<b>Apparent Contributing</b>		-	Officers Signature	31
	Factors	27	-	Rank	31
-	<b>What Drivers Were Doing</b>	27	-	ID Number	31
Co	ommercial Vehicles		-	District	31
-	Sequence of Events	27	-	Date of Report	31
<u>Li</u>	ne 37 Instructions				
D	river		Ge	neral Instructions for	
-	<b>Driver or Pedestrian</b>		Co	mpleting Diagram/Narrative	32
	Sobriety	28			
-	Driver or Pedestrian Physi	cal			
	Condition	28			
-	Pedestrian Action	29			
<u>Li</u>	ne 38 Instructions				
-	Crash Narrative	29			
<u>Li</u>	ne 39 Instructions				
-	Other Property Involved	29			
-	Owners Name	30			
-	Owners Address	30			
-	Owners Zip Code	30			
-	Owners Telephone #	30			
<u>Li</u>	ne 40 Instructions				
-	Witness	30			
-	Age	30			
-	Address	30			
-	Telephone	30			
<u>Lir</u>	ne 41 Instructions				
En	forcement Action				
-	Vehicle Number	30			
-	Name	30			
-	Violation	30			
-	Action	30			
<u>Li</u>	ne 42 Instructions				
-	Time Notified	31			

# GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING THE "UNIFORM CRASH REPORT" FORM

- 1. Please write legibly.
- If three or more vehicles are involved, use additional "Uniform Crash Report" forms to record the information. Indicate the sheet number on the additional form; fill out the location block and other pertinent information. Sign and date the additional sheets.
- 3. If necessary, use one form (working copy) at the scene and transcribe the information later to a new form (final copy) in a very legible manner.
- 4. A measurement diagram should be made at the crash scene. All crash measurements should be made with a tape measure to insure accuracy.
- 5. When necessary to mark boxes use an"X". Clearly fill-in.
- 6. Only the State of New Mexico Uniform Crash Report form will be accepted by the New Mexico Department of Transportation. All others will be rejected.

NOTE: THE UCR IS PROVIDED BY THE NMDOT

	CRASH INVESTIGATION SH 10074 REVISED March 28, 2005							DE	PORTING DE	DARTMENT									UNIFO	RM CR	IEW ME ASH RE	EPORT
	NMDOTUCR		ON		FAT	AL PI	ROPERTY		JNDER \$500	PARTMENT		Case I	Numb	er:								
			PRIVATE PROPERT	٠   <del>-</del>	INJU	JRY	DAMAGE ONLY		500 OR MORE	HITA	ND RUN	NMDO.	——— Т:									
DA	TE OF CRAS	H M/D/YR	MILITARY	TIME	CITY OC	CURREC	IN		WORE			<u> </u>		CC	TUNT	,						
SUN	M Tu W	Th F S	OCCURR	ED ON:	(Route	No. or N	ame)					AT INTERS	ECTION	N WITI	H:						TRIBA	AL LAND?
	OTHER		ᅦ					DEDM/	NENT LAND	HARK COL	INTVIIN	E INTERO	ECTION		EDOS	· -						s No
	CATION		FEET N		Ē W	OF:		LINIMA	WENT LAND				LOTION	- 11111	LLIO				LAT: LONG	:		
ОС	CRASH C	On Roadw Off Roadw	ray CLASS	CR/ IFICAT	ASH 🗆	Overtume Rollover	d Other		☐ Pedestri		her Vehicl imal		nicle on ed Objec		Rdwy			ed Veh r Objec		ANAL'	YSIS DDE:	
	VEHICLE N		N S E	w	n:										Po	sted S	peed		Safe Spe	eed		
	Driver's Full		01010					Ac	idress											-		
	Driver's Lice	ense Numbe	r	State	Туре	Restriction	ns Expires	Ci	ty/State					Zip	Code				Phone	-		
	Date of Birth	- M/D/YR	1	Social Se	curity N	umber	Occupation	n					9	Age	Sex (M/F) R	ace c	ijury lode	OP Code	OP Used Properly	Airbag Deploy	Ejected	EMS#
	Seat Pos		Occurs	nës Na		2005	2.00		Jacumant's A	ddeana (City	State 7											
	rus	**	Occupa	IIL S Mai	1110			•	Occupant's A	udress (Gity,	, State, Zi	9)			$\top$	$\top$						
Ψ.																						
S S							-									+	_		-			
Vehicle No.	Vehicle Yr	Vehicle Ma	ake	Color	Bod	y Style	L Cargo Body T	Гуре	Vehicle Use	(1) Vehicle				rall Ve	ehicle	Exten				□RF	RF	₹
۶	License Yr	State	License	Plate N	lumber	VIN	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1					]Yes □ I	_ D.	ilage. Heavy Modera	ata		nction	nal c	] F —	$\Rightarrow$	abla	—□R
	US DOT						ICC Docket	t#	et e t	Interstate C	arrier? d	owed due to isabling amage?	s	Viodei Slight None	ale	☐ Ap	operty				_ LR	
er.	Number	Gross	Vehicle Wei	ht Ratin	a/Gross	Combina	tion Weight R	ating	Hazmat Plac	Yes [ ard 4 digit#	_ NO [	Yes II	No	NOTIO		□ No			□T 1 digit#			carriage eleased?
	of Axles Carrier's Na	□ < c	or = 10,000 I						Carrier's Add	ress									Ic	arrier's	Yes [	□ No
	Owner's Na	me						lOw	ner's Address							lov	vner's	Zip			Telepho	one
	Insured By:	(Name of C	(vmpany)	Policy	Number		lı		Insurance?	Todle	or Type	Yea	ar .	Make	•	Licen	e Vr	Lic.	State	Lic N	lumber	
			ompuny)					Yes		Towed vehic	ies	100		Mark								
4	VEHICLE N PEDESTRIA HEADED	AN	N S E	<u>                                    </u>	On:										Po	sted S	peed		Safe Sp	eed		
*90	Driver's Full	Name						A	ddress													
	Driver's Lice	ense Numbe	er	State	Туре	Restriction	ons Expires	С	ity/State					Zij	p Code				Phone			
OTHER	Date of Birtl	n M/D/YR		Social S	ecurity N	lumber	Occupatio	n						Age	Sex (M/F) F	tace (	njury Code	OP Code	OP Used Properly	Airbag Deploy	Ejected	EMS#
-O	Seat Pos	er berger jegit ev	Occupa	nt's Na	me				Occupant's A	ddress (City	, State, Zi	p)										
		***************************************					-									4						
STR	$\vdash$								<del></del>							+						
PEDESTRIAN																$\dashv$						
or P	Vehicle Yr	Vehicle Ma	ake	Color	Boo	ly Style	Cargo Body	Туре	Vehicle Use	(1) Vehicle		owed?		erall Ve mage:	ehicle	Exter		d.		□RF	□ RF	₹
2	8	State	Licens	Plate N	lumber	VIN								Heavy Moder		□ Ft	ınctio	nal [	J.F. —	ightrightarrow	₹	)—¤
e NC	US DOT	1					ICC Docke	t#		Interstate C	arrier? d	amage?	, D	Slight None		□ Pr	opert		_		☐ LF	
Vehicle No	Number of Axles	Gross	Vehicle Wei	ght Ratir	ng/Gross	Combina	tion Weight R		Hazmat Plac	1	<sub> </sub> [	Yes 🗍 R Hazmat	No.		A	ND N		1	digit#	Ha	zmat Re	carriage eleased?
۶	Carrier's Na		or = 10,000 l	DS L	10,001	to 26,000	☐ > 26,0	000	Carrier's Add	Iress									C	arrier's	Yes [ Zip	_] No
	Owner's Na	ime						Ow	ner's Address							To-	wner's	s Zip		wner's	Telepho	one
ř	Insured By:	(Name of C	Company)	Policy	Number	r			Insurance?		r or Type	Ye	ar	Mak	е	Licen	se Yr	Lic.	State	Lic. N	lumber	
CP	ASH REPOR	T NUMBER	. 00000	0000	0	T	[[		S □ No NE	Towed vehic	les		RASH	REP	ORT				SHI	ET		
- 1	SE NUMBER				•					ISSUING									OF		HEETS	3

#### **ILLUSTRATION NUMBER 1**

# SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING THE CRASH REPORT FORM

#### LINE 1

CRASH INVESTIGATION SH 10074						STATE OF NEW MEXICO UNIFORM CRASH REPORT
REVISED March 28, 2005 NMDOTUCR			REPORTING DEPA	ARTMENT 1		000000000
	ON	FATAL	PROPERT UNDER \$500		Case Number:	
	PRIVATE PROPERTY	INJUR Y	DAMAGE S500 OR MORE	HIT AND RUN	NMDOT:	

**REPORTING DEPARTMENT** – Print the entire name of the department making the report. Do not abbreviate.

**ON PRIVATE PROPERTY** – Place an "X" in this box only when the crash occurs on private property.

**FATAL, INJURY, PROPERTY DAMAGE** – Place an "X" is in the box of the greatest severity level of the crash, a fatality being most severe, etc.

**HIT AND RUN** – If the crash involves hit and run, an "X" must be placed in the "Hit and Run" box, regardless of the other boxes marked.

**CASE NUMBER** – Number assigned by the respective law enforcement agency.

**STATE OF NEW MEXICO UNIFORM CRASH REPORT NUMBER** – Number assigned by the New Mexico Department of Transportation.

#### LINE 2

DATE OF CRASH M/D/YR	MILITARY TIME	CITY OCCURRED IN	COUNTY

**DATE OF CRASH** – Numerically enter the month, day and year the crash occurred.

**MILITARY TIME** – Military time must be entered. 1:00AM is not appropriate.

#### **Examples:**

Military Time (It begins at 1 minute after midnight)

12:00 Mid =	24:00	12:00Noon =	12:00
12:01 AM =	00:01	1:00 PM =	13:00
1:00 AM =	01:00	6:00 PM =	18:00
11:59 AM =	11:59	11:59 PM =	23:59

**CITY OCCURRED IN** – If the crash occurred within a municipality give the name of the city, otherwise the name of the town, or settlement where crash occurred. Do not abbreviate names.

**COUNTY** – List County where crash occurred. DO NOT ABBREVIATE county name.

#### LINE 3

Sun M Tu W Th F S OCCURRED ON: (Route No. or Name)	AT INTERSECTION WITH:	TRIBAL
		LAND?
		□Yes □ No

**SUN M T W T F SAT (WEEK DAYS)** – Indicate by an "X" in proper box the day of week the crash occurred.

**OCCURRED ON (Route No. or Name)** – Enter the name or number of the street or highway on which the crash occurred. Use assigned route number or street name whenever possible. Locally known or locally used name seldom provides enough information for accurate coding.

**AT INTERSECTION WITH** – If the crash occurred in the intersection, enter the name or number of the cross street.

**TRIBAL LAND** – "X" appropriate box.

#### LINE 4

OTHER LOCATION	☐ FEET ☐ MILES	N S E W	OF:	PERMANENT LANDMARK - COUNTY LINE - INTERSECTION - MILEPOST	LAT: LONG:	
-------------------	-------------------------	---------	-----	--	---------------	--

**OTHER LOCATION** -Indicate the distance from a permanent point. Make the entry just to the left of the word "Miles." If the distance is measured in miles, measure to the nearest tenth (1/10) of a mile. If the distance is measured in feet, measure to exact foot. Do not use business names (such as Fred's Texaco or Wagon Wheel Bar) as reference points.

**DIRECTION** - Place an "X" in the proper box to indicate the direction (North, South, East, or West) from the permanent point.

### PERMANENT LANDMARK, COUNTY LINE, INTERSECTION, MILEPOST-

Indicate the closest permanent landmark (county line, major intersection, culvert, bridge, railroad crossing, etc.). Include all possible identifying numbers such as "Bridge 4766" attached to the railing or "Railroad Grade Crossing Number 21473B" attached to the cross buckle or gate assemblies. If in an urban area, always enter distance from the name of NEAREST intersecting road or street. **DO NOT** use city or town limits since these are not permanent points and can be moved.

**MILEPOST LOCATION** – if mileposts are present on the street or highway on

which the crash occurs ALWAYS indicate <u>measurements</u> and <u>directions</u> from the nearest milepost. Mileposts, if present, are to be used in all instances. **LATITUDE & LONGITUDE** – If known, indicate Latitude and Longitude.

ı	П	N	F	5

CRASH Roadway OCCURRED Off Roadway FICATION	□Over- □ O turned □ R □ Rollover □ R	R. Pedal	Othern Vehicle Animal	☐ Vehicle on Other Rdwy ☐ Fixed Object	Parked Vehicle Other Object	ANALYSIS CODE:
---	--	----------	-----------------------	--	-----------------------------	-------------------

**CRASH OCCURRED** -"X" the appropriate box to indicate whether the first harmful event of the crash occurred "on roadway" or "off roadway".

#### Definitions:

**ON-ROADWAY** - A crash is classified "On-Roadway" if it occurs in that portion of the traffic way designed, improved and ordinarily used for vehicular travel. Please note that it includes the centerline, but excludes median, shoulder, roadside and sidewalk. However, if at the time of the crash, the motor vehicle occupied any portion of the roadway, the crash shall be considered to have occurred on the roadway.

**OFF-ROADWAY** -Off-Roadway applies to any crash in which the first event producing damage or inflicting injury occurs off the roadway. Thus, a crash in which the first event occurs on the shoulder (paved or unpaved), roadside, median, or sidewalk is classified as "Off-Roadway."

**INADEQUATE INFORMATION** – If there is insufficient information to determine clearly into which category the crash belongs, classify as "On Roadway" rather than "Off Roadway"

**CRASH CLASSIFICATION** – "X" the appropriate box in accordance with the description.

**ANALYSIS CODE** – Enter appropriate analysis code using the "Crash Classification and Analysis" code table.

Example Shown: If you "X" Rollover classification, you would enter 2= Left Side Road

CRASH Roadway OCCURRED Off Roadway	turned  Rollover	☐ Other N-Col ☐ R.R. Train	_	Other Vehicle Animal	☐ Vehicle on Other Rdwy ☐ Fixed Object	Parked Vehicle Other Object	ANALYSIS CODE:
------------------------------------	------------------	-------------------------------------	---	----------------------	--	-----------------------------	-------------------

CRASH CLASSIFICATION	DESCRIPTIONS	"X" THIS BOX
Overturning Crash	Any crash in which a motor vehicle in transport overturns for any reason without prior crash.	Overturned
Rollover	Any crash in which a motor vehicle in transport rolls over at least 360° with or without prior crash	Rollover
Other Non-Collision Crash	Any crash involving a motor vehicle in transport other than an overturning, rollover, and collision	Other N- Col
	INCLUDES: Accidental poisoning from carbon monoxide generated by a motor vehicle in transport.	
	Breakage of any part of the motor vehicle, resulting in injury or further property damage.	
	Explosion of any part of a motor vehicle.	
	Fall, jump, or being pushed from a motor vehicle.	
	Occupant hit by an object in, or thrown against some part of the motor vehicle.	
	Injury or damage from moving part of the motor vehicle.	
	Object falling from, or in the motor vehicle.	
	Object falling on the motor vehicle.	
	Toxic or corrosive chemicals leaking out of the motor vehicle.	
	Injury or damage involving only the motor vehicle that is of a non-collision nature such as: a bridge giving way under the weight of a motor vehicle, striking holes or bumps on the surface of the traffic way, driving into water without overturning or collision. Vehicles towing a sled, tube or other such device.	
	Other injury or damage which originates upon or in the motor vehicle, excluding events not a hazard of transport such as: a fight between occupants, occupant injured by a burning cigarette, or similar events.	
	EXCLUDES:	
	Carbon monoxide poisoning in a motor vehicle not in transport.	
	Breakage of any part such as fanbelt, tire, or axle if there is no additional damage or injury.	
	Injury or damage resulting from a discharge of a firearm in the motor vehicle.	
	Injury or damage resulting from working on a motor vehicle not in transport.	

CRASH	DESCRIPTIONS	"X" THIS
CLASSIFICATION		BOX
Collision involving Railway Train	Any crash involving a motor vehicle in transport and a railway train or railway vehicle.	R.R. Train
	INCLUDES:	
	Railway train, with or without cars.	
	Motorized railway device.	
	EXCLUDES:	
	Non-motorized devices not set in motion by a railway train or railway vehicle	
	Collisions in which a railway train was involved in a railway transport crash prior to involvement with the motor vehicle, such as	
	derailment, or throwing some part, other road vehicle, animal, or pedestrian against a motor vehicle	
	GENERAL:	
	Motion of the motor vehicle is immaterial; it can be stopped in the path of the railway train or in motion.	
	Whether the motor vehicle or railway train does the actual striking is immaterial.	
Collision involving a pedestrian	Any crash involving a motor vehicle in transport and a pedestrian	Pedestrian
podedinan	INCLUDES:	
	Person on foot, sitting, lying, or working upon a land, way, or place.	
	Person in or operating a pedestrian conveyance.	
	EXCLUDES:	
	Person boarding or alighting from another conveyance, except a pedestrian conveyance.	
	Person in the process of jumping or falling from a motor vehicle in transport.	
	Any crash involving a motor vehicle in transport and a pedal cyclist in transport	

CRASH CLASSIFICATION	DESCRIPTIONS	"X" THIS BOX
Collision Involving Pedal cyclist	INCLUDES:	Pedal Cyclist
	Any of the following devices in transport: Unicycle	
	Bicycle Tricycle	
	Trailers or sidecars attached to any of the above devices	
	EXCLUDES:	
	Pedal cycle towed by a motor vehicle, including: Hitching Unoccupied Pedal cycle	
	GENERAL:	
	A pedal cyclist is any person riding upon a pedal cycle or in a sidecar attached to the pedal cycle.	
	EXCEPTION:	
	A stopped pedal cycle is considered to be in transport if in readiness for transport, such as stopped at a stop sign, traffic light,	
	or waiting in traffic for any reason, if attended, and the pedal cyclist need not be occupying the riding saddle, but not pushing the	
	bicycle.	
	A coasting bicycle pedal cycle with rider in transport.	
	If the motor vehicle and the pedal cycle are in transport, which one does the striking is immaterial.	
Collision Involving Motor Vehicle in Transport	Any crash involving at least two motor vehicles in transport upon the same roadway or upon roadways within an intersection.	Other Vehicle
, ransport	INCLUDES:	
	Collision with motor vehicle stopped, disabled, or abandoned on a roadway other than an area designated for parking. In addition	
	includes vehicle parts, debris or gravel/rock falling from vehicle or	
	set in motion from the roadway. Towed vehicles or trailers disconnecting.	
	EXCLUDES:	
Collision Involving an	Collision with motor vehicle on other roadway.  Any crash involving a motor vehicle in transport and a herded or	Animal
<u>Animal</u>	unattended animal.	
	INCLUDES: Domestic and wild animals, flying animals such as birds and bats.	
	EXCLUDES:	
	Ridden animals, animal drawn conveyance.	
	GENERAL: Injury to wild animals such as birds and rabbits, is excluded if there	
	is no injury to any person or damage to the motor vehicle.	

CRASH CLASSIFICATION	DESCRIPTIONS	"X" THIS BOX
Collision Involving Motor Vehicle on Other Road	Any crash in which a motor vehicle is in transport leaves the roadway on which it is in transport and collides with another motor vehicle in transport on another roadway.	Vehicle on Other Rdwy
	INCLUDES: Crossing media an colliding on opposite roadway.	
	Crossing barrier and colliding on collector-distributor roadway.	
	Crossing shoulder and colliding on frontage roadway.	
	EXCLUDES:	
	Crossing centerline of multiple-lane roadway.	
	Leaving roadway and returning to same roadway.	
	Collision at intersecting roadway.	
Collision Involving Fixed Object	Any crash involving a motor vehicle in transport and a fixed object.	<mark>Fixed</mark> Object
	INCLUDES:	
	Any object attached to the terrain.	
	Tree, boulder, utility pole, traffic signals, guardrail, bridge, abutment, or similar objects.	
	Any object intentionally placed for an official purpose; traffic barricades, road machinery, construction machinery, construction materials, or similar objects placed on or along the roadway placed for some purpose.	
	EXCLUDES: Any object in motion.	
Collision Involving Parked Motor Vehicle	Any crash involving a motor vehicle in transport with a motor vehicle not in transport.	<mark>Parked</mark> Vehicle
	INCLUDES:	
	Motor vehicle parked in a place designed for parking, even though the permitted time period may have expired.	
	Motor vehicle stopped or parked along the roadway where normal usage permits such stopping or parking, including parking adjacent to curbs and parking on traffic way shoulders.	
	Motor vehicle stopped, disabled, or abandoned off roadway.	
	Load in the process of falling from a parked motor vehicle.	
	Continued next page	

CRASH CLASSIFICATION	DESCRIPTIONS	"X" THIS BOX
Collision Involving Parked Motor Vehicle	EXCLUDES: Motor vehicle stopped or parked in traffic lanes, such as double-parked, stalled, or abandoned vehicle. In tunnels or on bridges where parking is prohibited, or in a parking lot during the hours that it is required to be clear for traffic.  Stopped or parked self propelled machinery even though such machinery is considered a motor vehicle when in transport.	Parked Vehicle
	Load that has fallen from a parked motor vehicle.	
Collision Involving Other Objects	Any crash involving a motor vehicle in transport and any other object, which is moveable or moving.	Other Object
	INCLUDES: Animal –drawn vehicle of any type.	
	Animal carrying a person.	
	Streetcar.	
	Objects dropped from motor vehicle or other vehicles but not in motion.	
	Special devices not considered in transport or as fixed objects.	
	Fallen tree or stone.	
	Landslide or avalanche materials not in motion.	
	Pedal cycle not in transport.  Railway devices moved by human power.	
	Non-motorized devices not set in motion by railway train or railway	
	vehicle.  EXCLUDES:	
	Objects set in motion by aircraft, watercraft, railway, or other motor vehicle.	
	Objects set in motion by cataclysm, lightning, or other natural and environmental factors.	

Definitions used in crash descriptions

**IN TRANSPORT**: is the state or condition of a vehicle when it is in use primarily for moving persons or property (including the vehicle itself) from one place to another and is

- In motion
- In readiness for motion
- On a roadway, but not parked in a designated parking area

**IN MOTION**: includes motion of a vehicle off a roadway as well as on a roadway.

**IN READINESS FOR MOTION**: does not apply to a vehicle which is in any area designated for parking or which is on a shoulder. A motor vehicle in a parking area or on a shoulder cannot be IN TRANSPORT unless the vehicle is IN MOTION.

ON A ROADWAY: excludes designated parking areas.

**ROADWAY:** the portion of a street or highway improved, designed, or ordinarily used for vehicular travel including the centerline. Excludes the berm, shoulder, median, roadside, and sidewalk.

PEDESTRIAN CONVEYANCE: is any human powered device by which a pedestrian may move, or by which a person may move another pedestrian, other than by pedaling. Includes: baby carriage, coaster wagon, ice skates, perambulator, push cart, roller skates, scooter, skis, sled, wheel chair, rickshaw. Excludes: any pedal cycle

**PEDESTRIAN:** is an person not in or upon a motor vehicle or other road vehicle. Includes: a person afoot, sitting, lying, or working upon a roadway. Person in or operating a pedestrian conveyance. Excludes: person boarding or alighting from another conveyance, except pedestrian conveyance. Person falling or jumping from a motor vehicle in transport.

#### LINE 6

VEHICLE	NSEW	On:	Posted	Safe Speed
NO. 1			Speed	
HEADED				

#### **VEHICLE NO. 1 HEADED:**

- -"X" the appropriate box N-S-E-W to indicate the direction the vehicle was headed.
- -Spell out the name of the street or highway.
- -Place posted speed limit in the box labeled "Posted Speed".
- -In the "Safe Speed" box, indicate your opinion as to safe speed based on your observations of road, weather, traffic or other conditions existing at the time of the crash. If the safe speed differs from the posted speed, clarify your opinion of safe speed in the narrative portion of the report.

#### LINE 7

Driver's Full Name	Address

#### (Pertains to Vehicle No. 1 Driver)

**DRIVER'S FULL NAME** - Enter driver's full name. The name should be verified by his/her Driver's License and other identification. (First, middle, last)

**ADDRESS** - Ask the driver for his/her address and compare with his/her Driver's License. Enter the correct address.

#### LINE 8

Driver's	State	Type	Restrictions	Expires	City/State	Zip Code	Phone
License Number							
rambor							

(Pertains to Vehicle No. 1 Driver)

**DRIVER'S LICENSE NUMBER** – Enter the Driver's License number.

**STATE** – Enter the state that issued the Driver's License.

**TYPE** – Enter the class of Driver's License.

**RESTRICTIONS** – List any restrictions shown on the Driver's License.

**EXPIRES** – Enter expiration date of Driver's License.

**CITY/STATE** – Enter City and State shown on the Driver's License.

**ZIP CODE** – Enter Zip Code shown on the Driver's License

**PHONE #** - Enter Driver's home phone or work phone number.

#### LINE 9

Date of Birth – M/D/YR	Social Security Number	Occupation

**DATE OF BIRTH** – Enter Driver's date of birth.

Example: Mo. 08/ Day 01/ Yr. 45

(Pertains to No. 1 Vehicle Driver)

**SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER –** Enter driver's Social Security Number.

**OCCUPATION** – Enter driver's occupation.

#### LINE 10

Seat		
Pos	Occupant's Name	Occupant's Address (City, State, Zip)

(Pertains to Vehicle No. 1)

**SEAT POSITION** - Enter the driver's and each passenger's seating position. When completing their "Seat Pos." use the seat position codes listed.

**OCCUPANT'S NAME** - Enter the driver's and each passenger's names.

**OCCUPANT'S ADDRESS** - Enter the driver's and each passenger's address.

#### LINE 11

	Sex				OP Used	Airbag		
Age	(M/F)	Race	Injury Code	OP Code	Properly	Deploy	Ejected	EMS#

**AGE** - Enter the age for the driver and all passengers.

**SEX** - Enter the sex (M or F) for the driver and all passengers.

**RACE** – Enter the Race for the driver and all passengers.

**INJURY CODE** - Enter the appropriate injury code described in the list for driver and all passengers

Example: Enter "K" if killed.

**OP CODE** - Enter the appropriate occupant protection code in the list for driver and all passengers.

**OP USED PROPERLY** - Enter "Y" or "N" if occupant protection was used properly for driver and all passengers.

**AIRBAG DEPLOY** - Enter "Y" or "N" if airbag was deployed for driver and all passengers.

**EJECTED** - Enter "Y" or "N" if driver and/or passengers were ejected from the vehicle.

EMS # - Enter 4-digit EMS # from emergency vehicle.

#### **LINE 12**

Vehicle Yr	Vehicle Make	Color	Body Style	Cargo Body Type	Vehicle Use (1)	Vehicle Use (2)

#### (Pertains to Vehicle No. 1)

**VEHICLE YEAR** - Enter the year the vehicle was manufactured.

VEHICLE MAKE - Enter vehicle make. Use abbreviations listed.

**Example: Chevrolet: CHEV. Mercury: MERC., etc.** 

**VEHICLE COLOR** - Enter vehicle color. Use abbreviations from the table. When vehicle is of one color, the appropriate three-letter code is sufficient (i.e. GLD).

**NOTE**: When vehicle is more than one color, the order of listing shall be from top to bottom or front to rear. Use a slash (/) to separate (i.e. White top and Red bottom – WHI/RED).

BODY STYLE - Use the listed codes for body style.

**CARGO BODY TYPE** – *(this applies only to large trucks and buses)* The cargo body type should be the one which best represents the purpose for which the vehicle was designed and built. When there is no type of Cargo Body attached to the vehicle, such as on a Truck / Tractor (Bobtail) mark "Not Applicable". If the Cargo Body type does not match any of the listed marks "Other".

VEHICLE USE (1) – (this applies only to large trucks and buses) Enter appropriate code using the "Vehicle Use 1" code table on backside of UCR of Page 1.

VEHICLE USE (2) – (this applies only to large trucks and buses) Enter appropriate code using the "Vehicle Use 2" code table on backside of UCR of Page 1.

#### **LINE 13**

Towed?	Overall Vehicle	Extent	□RF □ RR
□ Yes □ No	Damage:	☐ Disabled	— — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —
	☐ Heavy	☐ Functional	
Towed due to disabling	Moderate	☐ Appearance	
damage?	☐ Slight	☐ Property	∏LF ∏ LR
□ Yes □ No	☐ None	☐ Fire	☐Top ☐ Under carriage
		☐ None	1 op

**TOWED** – "X" if wrecked vehicle was towed. If moved to a garage, body shop, wrecking yard, etc. enter the name and city. If vehicle was drivable and driven away, write "destination".

**TOWED DUE TO DISABLING DAMAGE** – "X" if vehicle was disable due to damage or not.

**OVERALL VEHICLE DAMAGE** – "X" the severity of the damage to the vehicle.

**EXTENT**: - "X" extensiveness of damage to the vehicle.

**VEHICLE DIAGRAM** – "X" boxes on vehicle where damage occurred.

#### **LINE 14**

License Yr	State	License Plate Number	VIN

**LICENSE YEAR** – Indicate the most current registration year

**STATE** – Enter the abbreviation of the state that issued the license plate.

**LICENSE NUMBER** – Enter the number that is shown on the license plate. **Do not** enter any validation sticker number.

**VIN** – Enter the vehicle identification number. The registration certificate should be used to verify the VIN.

#### **LINE 15**

US DOT	ICC Docket #	Interstate Carrier?
		☐ Yes ☐ No

**US DOT NUMBER** – (this applies only to large trucks and buses) Obtain from Single State Registration or on side of vehicle. If vehicle is not regulated enter N/A for not applicable. (Refers to Vehicle No. 1)

**ICC DOCKET #** - (this applies only to large trucks and buses) Obtain from Single State Registration or on side of vehicle.

**INTERSTATE CARRIER** – *(this applies only to large trucks and buses)* "X" in appropriate box.

#### **LINE 16**

Numbe	Cross Vahiala Waight Dating/Cross	Hazm	at Placa	rd 4 digit	t OR -	<ul> <li>Hazmat Name AND</li> </ul>	1 digit	Hazma	nt
11	Gross Vehicle Weight Rating/Gross	# -			#			Releas	ed?
1()1	Combination Weight Rating							☐ Yes	□ No
Axles	□ <or=10,000 lbs="" td="" □10,001to26,000="" □<=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></or=10,000>								
	>26,000								

**NUMBER OF AXLES** – (this applies only to large trucks and buses) Indicate number of axles of vehicle.

GROSS VEHICLE WEIGHT RATING/GROSS COMBINATION WEIGHT RATING – (this applies only to large trucks and buses) The GVWR for most vehicles is located on a metal plate on the driver's door edge or door latch post. The GVWR for larger trucks is usually found on the driver's side of the vehicle by opening the door and looking at the hinge pillar, door-latch post, or door edge. Mark appropriate box.

**NOTE:** The GVWR for BUSES is often difficult to locate. If you are unable to locate this information, obtain the GVWR from the vehicle registration. Mark appropriate box.

**HAZMAT PLACARD** – (this applies only to large trucks and buses) Most vehicles carrying hazardous materials are required by law to conspicuously display a placard indicating the class, type or the specific name of the hazardous materials cargo. All Placards are diamond shaped.

**FOUR DIGIT PLACARD NUMBER** – *(this applies only to large trucks and buses)* In addition, vehicles transporting hazardous materials in tank cars, cargo tanks or portable tanks are required to display the 4-digit Hazardous Material Number assigned to the specific material on placards or orange panels. If the vehicle displays a hazardous material placard with a 4-digit number, then enter that number in the space provided.

HAZMAT NAME OR 1 DIGIT # - (this applies only to large trucks and buses) If the 4-digit number is not displayed, then the placard should have one of the following names on it. Enter this name in the space. One-digit Placard Number from Bottom of Diamond - If a 1-digit number also appears at the bottom tip of the diamond, enter it in the space provided

**HAZMAT RELEASED** – *(this applies only to large trucks and buses)* The purpose of this question is to record whether or not the placarded material was released. The correct answer is "YES" only if material was released from the cargo tank or compartment of the truck. Fuel spilled from the vehicle fuel tank should not be counted, even though it is a hazardous material.

#### **LINE 17**

Carrier's Name	Carrier's Address	Carrier's Zip

**CARRIER NAME** - (this applies only to large trucks and buses) Enter the name of the motor carrier responsible for the shipment.

**CARRIER ADDRESS** – (this applies only to large trucks and buses) Indicate the principal place of business used by the carrier name above, city and state.

**CARRIER ZIP CODE** – (this applies only to large trucks and buses) Indicate state zip code where principal place of business is located.

**NOTE:** Determining the motor carrier and recording the carrier's identification number, name and address can be difficult. A motor carrier is the party responsible for the transportation of the goods, property or people, which means that the carrier name may be different from the name on the side of the truck due to contractual arrangements.

The first place you should look for a company name to verify the correct carrier is on **the SHIPPING PAPERS** the driver carries in the cab. In case of a bus, the driver must carry a **TRIP MANIFEST** or **CHARTER ORDER** which will provide the name of the motor carrier.

#### **LINE 18**

Owner's I	lame	Owner's Address	Owner's Zip	Owner's
				Telephone

**OWNER'S NAME** - Enter the registered owner's name as found on the vehicle registration certificate. Do not enter the lien holder.

**OWNERS ADDRESS** - Enter registered owner's address. City and State may be abbreviated.

**OWNERS ZIP CODE** – Indicate owner's state zip code.

**OWNER'S TELEPHONE** – Enter owner's home or office telephone number.

#### **LINE 19**

Insured By: (Name	Policy Number	Liability	Trailer or	Туре	Year	Make	License	Lic.	Lic. Number
of Company)		Insurance?	Towed				Yr	State	
			vehicles						
		□Yes □ No							

**INSURED BY** -Enter the vehicle owner's insurance company name.

**POLICY NUMBER** – Enter the policy number.

**LIABILITY INSURANCE** -"X" the "Yes" or "No" box to indicate if the vehicle owner has liability insurance.

#### (Refers to Vehicle No. 1)

**NOTE**: This should be the vehicles current and valid insurance information.

#### TRAILER OR TOWED VEHICLES:

**TYPE** – Enter the type of trailer or trailers according to the list: (If towed vehicle is not a trailer refer to the previous list of vehicle types.)

**YEAR** – Indicate the year model of the trailer or trailers

**MAKE** – Abbreviate the manufacturer of the trailer(s) or vehicle(s) in tow.

**LICENSE YEAR** – Indicate the most current registration year.

**LICENSED STATE** – Indicate the state issuing the license plate.

**LICENSED NUMBER** – Indicate the state license plate number for the trailer(s) or vehicle(s) in tow. (If the trailer has more that one license plate, the "home state" plate will be used.)

#### LINE 20 thru 25

Indicate same type of information shown for vehicle 1.

If this portion is being used for **PEDESTRIAN INFORMATION** <u>LINE THRU</u> "Vehicle No.2" on Line 20 and "Driver" on Line 21. Pedestrian information should include the following:

- -Line 20 except "Posted Speed" and "Safe Speed."
- **-Line 21**
- -Line 22 (if possible)
- -Line 23
- -Line 24
- -Line 25 (Except "OP Code, OP Used Properly, Airbag Deploy, Ejected)

#### LINE 26 – 33 Indicate same type of information as shown for "Vehicle 1"

#### **LINE 34**

**CRASH REPORT NUMBER:** 

000000000

CASE NUMBER: 34

STATE OF NEW MEXICO UNIFORM CRASH REPORT

NM DOT, CRASH RECORDS SECTION, PO BOX 1149, SANTA FE, NM 87504

SHEET

OF SHEETS

**UNIFORM CRASH REPORT NUMBER** – Number generated from NMDOT.

**STATE OF NEW MEXICO UNIFORM CRASH REPORT NUMBER** – Number assigned by the New Mexico Department of Transportation.

**CASE NUMBER** – Number assigned by the respective law enforcement agency.

**SHEET OF SHEETS** – Indicate the sheet number and the total number of forms, pages of supplementary narratives, passenger lists, diagrams, etc...

#### Example 1:

One form used Sheet 1 of 2 Sheets

#### Example 2:

One form and one Diagram/Narrative used Sheet 1 of 3 sheets

Sheet 2 of 3 sheets Sheet 3 of 3 sheets

		GHTING	WEATHER		D COND		AD SU		TRAFFIC			F	ROAD CHA		RCRA	SH REP	ORT N	JMBER	:0000	000000
	☐ Dayl	k 1 with X) liaht	(Mark 1 with X)  ☐ Clear	V1 V2	each with X)	V1 V		with X)	V1 V2	Iduli	midi Aj	E	☐ Straight		CAS	E NUMB	ER:			
63	☐ Daw	-	☐ Raining		ry		Pave			Pass	sing Zone	e [	Curve							
黑	☐ Dusl	k	☐ Snowing	w		0.0	Unsti	ipea d Center	□ □ Sto			6	GRA (Mark 1	(DE with X)		(Mari		AD DES	IGN each wit	h X)
Ŧ		Lighted	☐ Fog ☐ Dust			1	Strip	9	☐ ☐ Traf		-	Ī	Level		V1 \	<b>/</b> 2		V	1 V2	
ž	☐ Dark	-Not Lighted	☐ Wind		oose Material			d Center ge line	□ □ R.R		-	0	] Hillcres	t		☐ 1 Lan			] _ or	
2	☐ Othe	er	Other			0 0	] Unpa		0 04W				☐ On Gra	de	1-	☐ 2 Lan			]   Rá	imp II Access
ROA			Sleet or Hail	S1	tanding or				□ □ Flas			[	□ Dip		- 1	☐ 3 Lan ☐ 4 + L		-		entrol
					oving Water				□ □ No	Cont	trols					Undiv		c		ndeveloped
					luəli				Oth	er						☐ Physi		der 🗀	]   All	
																☐ Painte	ed Divid	ler 🖺		
H	Heliotica		APP	ARENT CO	NTRIBUTING F	ACTO	RS			30.00	- 1	w	HAT DRIV	ERS WI	ERE DO	ING	16 S		CE OF E	nstr. Zone
	V1 V2			Mark 1 or n V2	nore for each w	ith X)		V1 V2			1/4		ark 1 or m		each wi		00 . s. s.	(See	event co V2	des)
		Excessive Spe			wing too closely	,			efective stee	ering			Going			pped for		• 1	<b>V</b> 2	
13		Speed too fast	for 🗀	☐ Made	improper turn				efective tires	3	٦		Straight	_	traf		İ			
100		conditions Failed to yield	right of way		r inattention				ther mechan	nical			Overtakin	g ~ L		pped for n/signal.				FIRST
E		Passed stop si	ion L		r influence of a				efect Road defect				Passing		☐ Star	rt in traffic	;			
EVE		Disregarded tr	affic signal		r improper drivi strian error	ng			ther No driv	er e	mor i		Right Turr		land	e rt from pa	ırk	1		SECOND
"		Drove left of co	enter		quate brakes				raffic control	not	- 1		Left Turn		☐ Pari					LLVCIAI
		Improper over	taking 🗆		rless moving ve	ehicle			inctioning mproper lane	cha			U Turn Slowing		☐ Oth			1		THIRD
		Avoid no conta Avoid no conta	at ather U		d to yield-Polic			0 0 1	nproper bac		- 10		Backing				-			EVENT
1		Cell Phone	ш		d to yield-Eme	rgency	Veh(s)	001	lone		٦	'	_ 40111119				1	1		I
1		Low Visibility of	lue to smoke	☐ High	speed pursuit															FOURTH EVENT
	Di	RIVER OR PED	ESTRIAN SOBRII	ETY	DRIVER OR P						For a tree	47		P	EDEST	RIAN AC	rion	3.0		
	D1 D2	(Mark 1 or moi	re for each with X	9	(Mari	k 1 or ı		r each with D2	1 X)	H	At Int P1 P2	terse	ction	P1 P2	Æ	Not	at Inter			1
		Consumed Ald	cohol		□ □ Fatigu	ie-Asle		☐ Medi	cation	2000		With S	Signal		From E	3ehind			Iking Aga	ainst Traffic
		Consumed a C	Controlled Substa	ance	□ □ Eyesi					53083			st Signal		Obstru			_ ☐ Sta		
胃		Had Not Cons			☐ ☐ Heari	ng Imp	). 🗆		pp. Defects	TRIAN		No Si			Crossy	osswalk walk				Norking on
鬞		Sobriety Unkn Consumed Me			O O III				er Physical airment	PEDEST		Diago	onal			ng W/Traf	fic _		nicle ying in R	hen
13		Breath Test Ad						шр	an i i i ci i c	2					*Other	•		L 1 14	yang ar i	ouu
1		_ gms/21	10Lgms/2	210L										i						
		Blood Test Ad Field Sobriety																		
100		Refused Test					-8	pecify						*Specif	y —					
1	Descrit	be what happen	ied – refer to vehi	icles by nu	mber.	<u> </u>				27.49	F-7: 769			35	- 1			ä.		
- 4																				
100																				
81																				
Œ.																				
12																				
12																				
NARRATIVE																				
	Use Diag	gram/Narrative Shee	et for additional inform	nation																
0.	HER	DESCR	RIPTON OF PROP	ERTY AND	DAMAGE															
PF	OPERT		s Name			low	ner's Ad	idress							Owr	ner's Zip C	ode	Own	er's Telep	hone
IN	VOLVE	•   0,,,,,,,						003							"	<b>- Eip</b> C			0 / 0 0 0	
Г		125 3.40	NAME	S. (158/55.2)		GE	2450	300			Αī	DDRE	88		1 5		3	-Second	TELEP	HONE
SS	2.2					_							12							
WITNESS	793				9								-							
3						1						54	-					+		
-		VEH. NO.			NAME			2,3331	100	·	IOLATIO	א וכי	OMMON N	AME		1			CTION	
FORCEMENT	<b>Z</b>				, acomies	*********		emin Call/Oliffi	155			-14 [01	-mmVN N	-mc/			Booked		Cited	Pending
Ü	2						-										Booked		Cited	☐ Pending
Į,	Š																			-
N N																0	Booked		Cited	☐ Pending
Ti	ne Notifi	ied Time Arrive	ed Notified By				Sup	pervisor at	Scene					Checked	d By					
_	ficer'e C	ignature					L_		Rank				ID	Mo		16	District		Date of	Poport
		-y-raturo							Rank				اما	NO.		.	nsuict		Date of	Report
CF	ASH RE	EPORT NUMBE	R: 0000000	000		S	TATE	OF NEV	V MEXICO	U	NIFOR	M C	RASH F	REPOR	RT			SHE		
- 1							-		SUING A					-				OF	SHE	ETS
CA	SE NU	MBER:																		

#### **ILLUSTRATION NUMBER 2**

# LINE 35 Road Weather

	LIGHTING1 Mark 1 with X)		ROAD COND (Mark 1 each with X)		TRAFFIC CONTROL (Mark 1 each with X)	ROAD CHARACT ER (Mark 1 with X)	CRASH REPONUMBER:000	0000000
	Daylight Dawn Dusk Dark	☐ Clear ☐ Raining ☐ Snowing	V1 V2 Dry Wet	V1 V2 Paved Unstrip ed	V1 V2  No Passing Zone Sign	Straight Curve GRADE (Mark 1 with X)	(Mark 1 or m	DESIGN nore for each h X)
里	Lighted  Dark- Not Lighted  Other	☐ Fog ☐ Dust ☐ Wind	Ice   Loose   Material   Other   Standing   Or   Moving   Water   Slush	Paved Center Stripe Paved Center & Edge	Traffic Signals Tyield Sign R.R. Gate May Stop May Stop May No Controls Mo Controls Mo Cother	Level Hillcrest On Grade Dip	V1 V2	V1 V2

- LIGHTING Place an "X" in the box next to appropriate lighting condition. If some condition other than the specific ones exists, place an "X" next to "other" and specify what lighting condition exists below this box. Check one condition only.
- 2. **WEATHER** Place an "X" in the box next to the appropriate weather condition. If some condition other than the specific ones exists, place an "X" next to "other" and specify what weather condition exists below this box. Check only one condition. An example of "other" sandstorm.
- 3. **ROAD CONDITION** Place an "X" in the box provided for each vehicle to describe the road conditions.
- 4. **ROAD SURFACE** Place an "X" in the box for the applicable road surface for each vehicle. Only one box for each vehicle should be marked.
- 5. **TRAFFIC CONTROL** Place an "X" in the box provided for each vehicle showing the traffic control provided at the intersection or highway.

- 6. **ROAD CHARACTER** "X" the applicable block, which best describes the road character for the crash location.
- 7. **ROAD GRADE** "X" the one block, which most describes the road grade for the crash location.
- 8. **ROAD DESIGN** Place an "X" in one or more of the blocks for each vehicle. The numbers of lanes refers to the number available to one vehicle.

The following are descriptions of the various types of roadways:

- 1. **Two-way, not divided** Two-way traffic street or highway with opposing lanes of traffic, separated by nothing more than a standard painted centerline. As long as the markings are not more than two feet in overall width it is considered "not physically divided." If the overall width of the markings exceeds two feet, it should be classified as "Two-way, divided, unprotected median".
- 2. **Two-way, divided, unprotected median** Two-way traffic street or highway with opposing lanes of traffic separated by a median. Medians may be depressed, raised or flush with the pavement surface and may be grass, landscaped or constructed of asphalt or concrete. A continuous left-turn lane is physical separation.
- 3. **Two-way, divided, positive median barrier** Two-way traffic highway with opposing lanes of traffic separated by a concrete wall, guardrail or other barrier intended to restrain or redirect an errant vehicle.
- 4. **One-way, not divided-** roadway, including ramps, one-way streets, etc., which serves traffic moving in only one direction.
- 5. **Unknown** If roadway does not meet any of the above, mark this box.
  - **Example 1:** On an interstate highway in an urban area, a tractor/semitrailer collided with a passenger car resulting in severe injuries to the car's driver. The opposing direction of the interstate was separated by a narrow concrete barrier. The correct box is "Two-way, divided, positive median barrier".
  - **Example 2:** A truck was exiting an interstate highway and rolled over on a sharp curve while still on the exit ramp. The correct code is "One-way, not divided".

Crashes at intersections require special attention. The proper code for a reportable crash at an intersection would be the type of roadway on which the truck or bus was traveling just prior to the crash.

**Example 1:** A truck was exiting an interstate highway and collided with a passenger car in the middle of the intersection where the interstate ramp met a four lane cross street.

Since this crash occurred in the middle of the intersection and the truck had been traveling on the ramp just prior to the collision, the correct code is "One-way, not divided".

LINE 36 Event

	APPARENT CONTRIBUTING FACTORS  (Mark 1 or more for each with X)								WHAT DRIV		-	SEQUENCE OF EVENTS (See event codes)			
		·			·				Ма		re fo	or each with			ŕ
EVENT		Excessive Speed Speed too fast for conditions Failed to yield right of way Passed stop sign Disregarded traffic signal Drove left of center Improper overtaking Avoid no contact vehicle Avoid no contact – other Cell Phone Low visibility due to smoke			Following too closely Made improper turn Driver inattention Under influence of alcohol Other improper driving Pedestrian error Inadequate brakes Driverless moving vehicle Failed to yield–Police e(s) Failed to yield–Emergency Veh(s)			Defective steering Defective tires Other mechanical defect Road defect Other – No driver error Traffic control not functioning Improper lane change		V2 □ Going Straight	V1 	V2 Stopped for traffic Stopped for sign/signal. Start in traffic lane Start from park Parked Other	V1	V2	FIRST EVENT SECOND EVENT THIRD EVENT
					High speed pursuit				_	_ basking					EVENT

- 1. **APPARENT CONTRIBUTING FACTORS** Place an "X" next to the appropriate circumstance or circumstances for each driver. It is possible to mark more than one box for a driver. If another circumstance existed that is not listed, place an "X" next to "other" and specify the circumstance under the box. Even though a driver may be extremely intoxicated, alcohol may not be a contributing factor to the crash.
- 2. **WHAT DRIVERS WERE DOING** Place an "X" on the block most applicable for each vehicle involved. EXAMPLE: If a vehicle is passing while going straight ahead, place an "X" in OVERTAKING-PASSING.
- 3. **SEQUENCE OF EVENTS** (this applies only to large trucks and buses) Enter the code in the order of events which occurred involving this vehicle. In other words, if an automobile and a tractor trailer were involved in a crash, the sequence of events starts with the first event that happened to the tractor trailer, regardless of what happened to the first automobile. Only the **first four events** should be reported. Because this can be somewhat confusing, the following are examples of how this section should be filled in:

**Example 1:** A tractor/semi-trailer goes out of control on an icy roadway and eventually strikes a bridge abutment and overturns. The tractor then catches fire after overturning. The following codes are entered to properly describe the sequence of events for this crash:

Event 1: (Ran Off Road)

**Event 2:** (Collision Involving Fixed Object)

Event 3: (Overturned)
Event 4: (Explosion or Fire)

**Example 2:** An automobile strikes a guardrail and then strikes a single unit truck. The truck then overturns and loses its cargo. The following sequence should be entered for this crash:

**Event 1:** (Collision Involving Vehicle in Transport)

**Event 2:** (Overturned)

**Event 3:** (Cargo Lost or Shifted)

The reason that the first event was not reported (collision Involving fixed object) was because this event did not involve the truck. The first event which involved the truck was the collision with the automobile.

LINE 37 Driver

	DRIVER OR PEDESTRIAN	DRIVER OR PEDESTRIAN		F	PEDESTRIAN ACTION
	SOBRIETY	PHYSICAL CONDITION		At	Not at Intersection
	Mark 1 or more for each with	•		Intersection	
	X) 3	with X)			
	D1 D2	D1 D2 D1 D2		P1 P2	P1 P2 P1 P2
	☐ ☐ Consumed Alcohol			☐ ☐ With	☐ ☐ From ☐ ☐ Walking
	☐ Consumed a	Fatigue- Medicatio		Signal	Behind Against Traffic
	Controlled Substance	Asleep n			Obstructio   Standing
	☐ Had Not Consumed			Against	n D Pushing or
1	Alcohol	Eyesight Imp. Amputee	2	Signal	□ □ No □ Working on
	□ □ Sobriety Unknown	□ □ □ No	L	□ □ No	Crosswalk Vehicle
1	Consumed	Hearing Imp. App.	۵	Signal	☐ ☐ Playing in
	Medication	☐ ☐ III Defects	Ц		Crosswalk Road
	☐ ☐ Breath Test	☐ ☐ *Other		Diagonal	
	Administered	Physical			Walking W/Traffic
	gms/210L -	Impairment			W/Trainc  ☐ *Other
	gms/210L				□ □ Otilei
	☐ ☐ Blood Test				
	Administered				
	☐ ☐ Field Sobriety Test	*Specify			*Cnooify
	☐ ☐ Refused Test				*Specify

- 1. **DRIVER OR PEDESTRIAN SOBRIETY** Based on your investigation and observations indicate the sobriety of each driver involved. This block applies to both alcohol and narcotic drugs. More than one block can be checked for each driver.
- 2. **DRIVER OR PEDESTRIAN PHYSICAL CONDITION** Indicate the apparent physical condition of each driver or pedestrian involved. The term "medication" will include any legal prescription drug or over-the-counter medication such as cough syrup or aspirin as well as illegal drugs of any type.

3. **PEDESTRIAN ACTION** – Place an "X" in the appropriate box provided for what the pedestrian was doing before the crash.

#### **LINE 38**

	Describe what happened – refer to vehicles by number.
ш	
⋛	
NARRATIVE	
꽃	
ž	
	Use Diagram/Narrative Sheet for additional information

**CRASH NARRATIVE** - Use short sentences to describe how the crash happened.

- 1. Describe and explain important and pertinent information such as the direction and manner of travel before and during the crash, evasive action, and events of the crash to provide a clearer picture of what happened.
- 2. Narrative subject areas to be considered: Introductory paragraph, Driver statements, Witness statements, Vehicle examination, Scene examination, Opinions/Conclusions; Other paragraphs dealing with the investigation.
- 3. Avoid the use of vague statements.
- 4. Do not repeat facts found in other parts of the report, but you may emphasize or explain any point that needs clarification.
- 5. State if the crash involved DWI/DUI. **Document** if breath and/or blood test were administered. If so, **document** results if available.
- 6. If more space is needed, use the supplemental Diagram/Narrative.

The above information, properly correlated with an examination of the vehicle and statements from principals and witnesses, gives an investigator clues as to *why* the crash happened.

#### **LINE 39**

OTHER	DESCRIPTON OF PROPERTY AND DAMAGE				
PROPERTY INVOLVED	Owner's Name	Owner's Address	Owner's Zip Code	Owner's Telephone	

**OTHER PROPERTY INVOLVED** – Describe the property other than vehicle damaged in the crash.

**OWNER'S NAME** – Enter the property owner's name.

**OWNER'S ADDRESS** – Enter the property owner's address.

**OWNERS ZIP CODE** – Enter the property owner's zip code.

**OWNERS TELEPHONE** # - Enter the property owner's telephone number.

#### LINE 40

	NAME	AGE	ADDRESS	TELEPHONE
ESS				
N L				
>				

WITNESS - Enter witness name.

**AGE** – Enter the age of witness.

**ADDRESS** - Enter address of witness (address, city, state, zip code).

**TELEPHONE** – Enter telephone number of witness (work, home, cell phone).

#### **LINE 41**

IME I	VEH. NO.	NAME	VIOLATION (COMMON NAME)	ACTION
S   F   S				☐Booked ☐Cited ☐Pending
<u> </u>				☐Booked ☐Cited ☐Pending
N N				☐Booked ☐Cited ☐Pending

#### **ENFORCEMENT ACTION:**

**Vehicle Number** – Enter the vehicle number of violator.

**Name** – Enter the name of the violator(s).

**Violation** – Enter the common name of the violation(s).

Action – "X" if booked "X" if cited "X" if pending

#### LINE 42

		Supervisor at Scene	Checked By
Notified	Arrived		

**Time Notified** – Enter military time.

**Time Arrived** – Enter military time.

**Notified By** – If possible, try to obtain the name and address of persons calling in the crash. If information is received by radio, enter "via radio" or "via State Police, Albuquerque", "via Roswell Police Department Radio", etc...

**Supervisor at Scene** – If supervisor is present, enter name, rank, otherwise enter "none".

**Checked By** – This box is to be used for the supervisor checking report prior to the final submission.

#### **LINE 43**

Officer's S	ignature	Rank	ID No.	District	Date of
					Report

Officer's Signature - Sign the report with a black ballpoint pen.

Rank - Enter officer's rank.

ID No. - Enter officer's ID number.

**District** – Enter if District or Division.

**Date of Report** – Enter date of report.

The report is complete.

# GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING THE DIAGRAM/NARRATIVE

1. A Diagram / Narrative Form may be used for additional narrative, diagram, or other information helpful in clarifying the information found on the original report form. The Uniform Crash Report number, Case Number, Diagram Drawn by, Measurements taken by, and sheet number of the diagram/narrative must be shown. It will be necessary to identify specific location, date of crash, drivers, or owners of vehicles. It will be necessary to identify vehicles as they are numbered on the original report, to identify the county and/or city in which the crash occurred, and the time the crash occurred.

Three types of crash diagrams are used:

- 1. Field sketch which the officer keeps.
- 2. Finished diagram on the crash report or on an additional 8 ½ x 11 piece of paper (supplementary).
- 3. A large court exhibit, which can be, completed anytime prior to the court trial.

The diagram should be drawn with the necessary information to provide the reader with a picture of what occurred. A good diagram will clarify the word picture given in the description of what happened.

A ruler or template should be used on all diagrams. Measurements are necessary for reconstruction and should be used on all diagrams. Show the direction of north by an arrow inserted in the circle in the upper right hand corner of the diagram block.

When drawing a diagram, draw vehicles to an approximate scale and number each vehicle as on the first page of the crash report. Label objects with a number and label measurements with a letter.

The horizontal distance from the edge of the driving lane to a struck fixed object and/or to the final resting position of the crash vehicle is an extremely useful measurement for analyzing highway design standards and should be reported whenever possible.